

Lightweight Intermetallics for Hydrogen Storage

J.-C. Zhao,

Jun Cui, Yan Gao, John Lemmon, Tom Raber,
Job Rijssenbeek, Gosia Rubinsztajn, Grigorii Soloveichik

GE Global Research
Niskayuna, NY

– A Member of the DOE Metal Hydride Center of Excellence –

May 23-24, 2005

GE Program Overview

Timeline

- Project start date: FY05
- Project end date: FY09
- Percent complete: *New Project*

Budget

- Expected Total Project Funding:
 - Phase I - 3 years: \$2.00M*
 - DOE Share: \$1.60M
 - GE Share: \$0.40M
 - Phase II - 2 years: \$1.47M*
 - DOE Share: \$1.18M
 - GE Share: \$0.29M
- Funding for FY05:
\$450K (DOE), \$112K (GE)

Barriers

Right heat of formation
Absorption / desorption kinetics
Hydrogen capacity and reversibility

Targets

Gravimetric capacity: > 6%
Volumetric capacity: > 0.045 kg H₂/L
Min/max desorption temp: -30 / 85°C

Partners

- Member of DOE MHCoe
- Collaborations with MHCoe partners on modeling and characterization
- Member of the Coordinating Council of DOE MHCoe

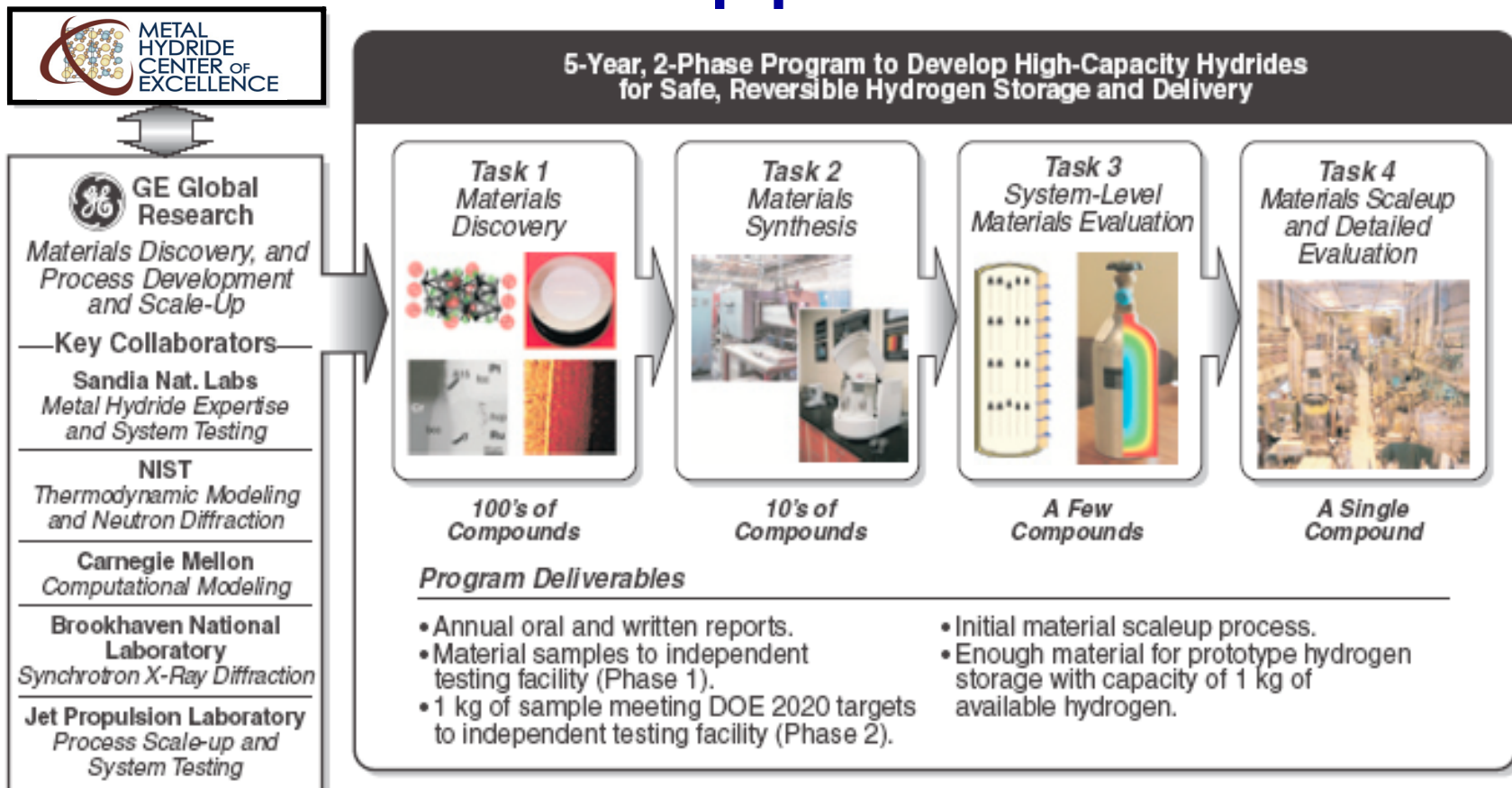
GE Program Objective

Discover and develop a high capacity (> 6 wt.%) lightweight hydride that is practical and inexpensive for reversible vehicular hydrogen storage and delivery systems, capable of meeting or exceeding the 2010 DOE/FreedomCAR targets.

FY05 Goals

- Develop a high-efficiency combinatorial synthesis and high-throughput screening methodology for metal hydride discovery
- Identify hydrides from combinatorial samples and validate them through gram-quantity sample tests

GE Approach

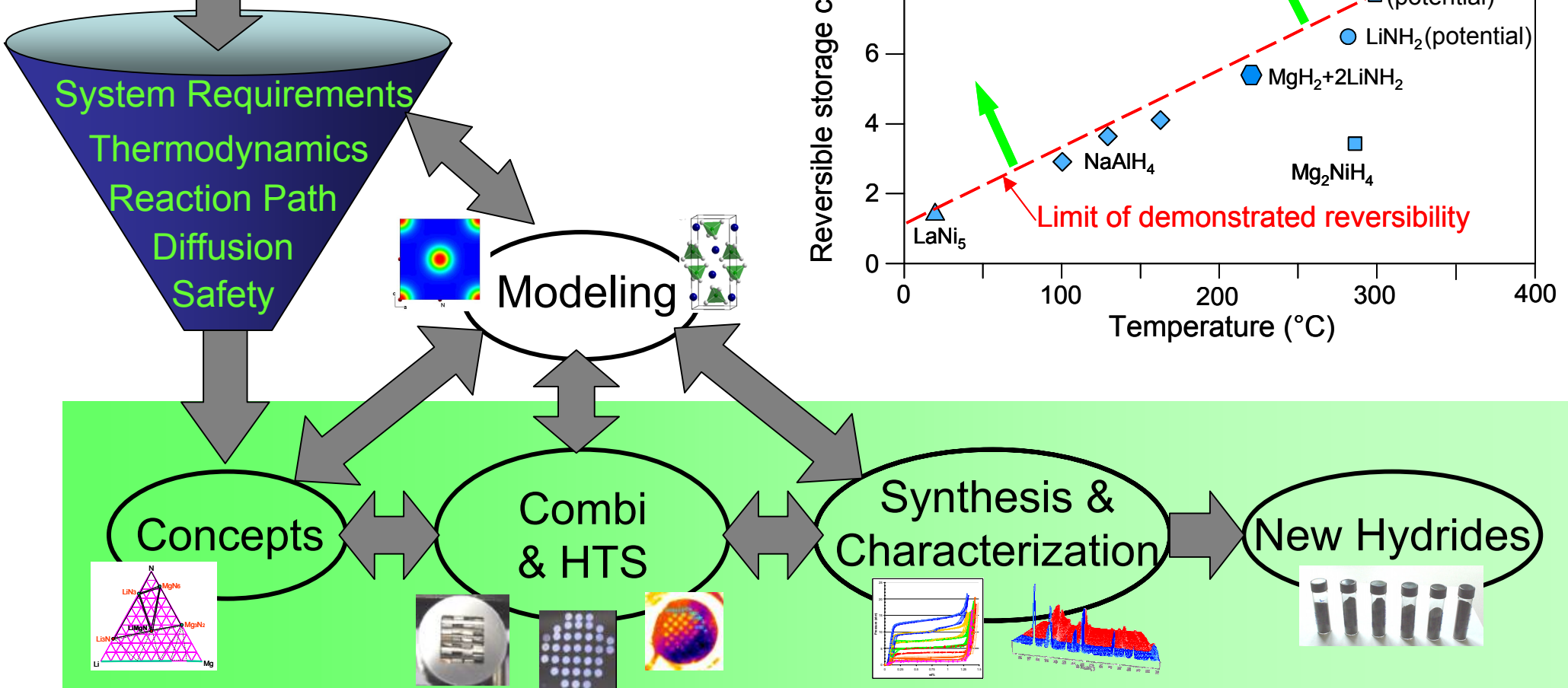
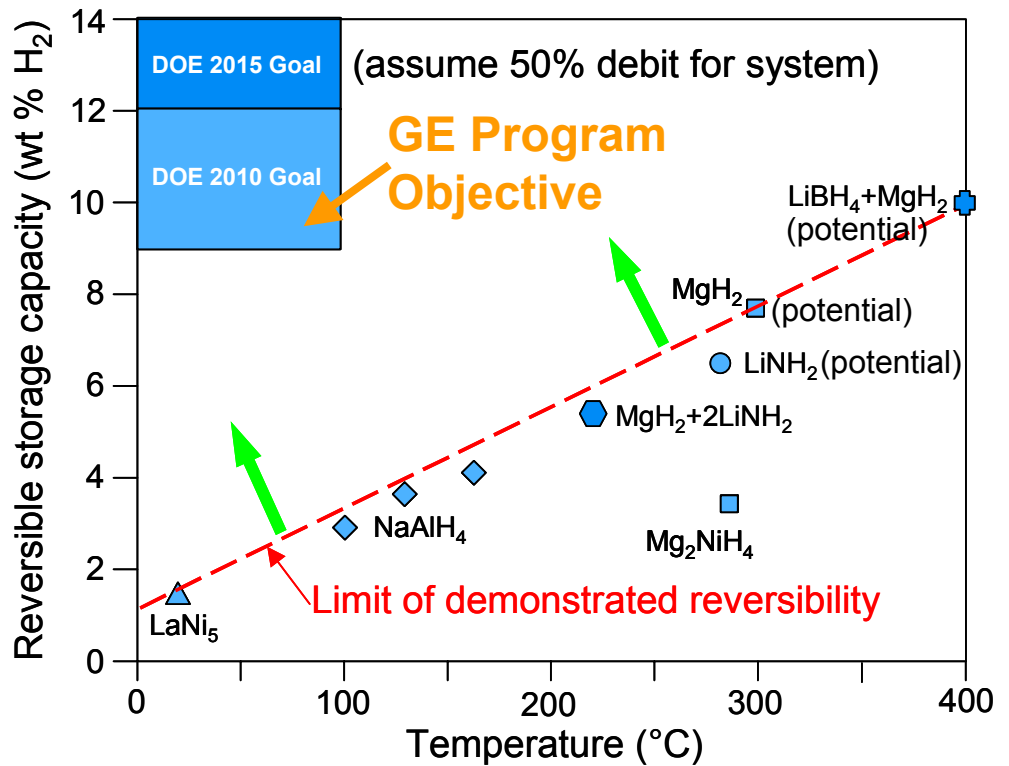


Materials Discovery Acceleration: *Design for Six Sigma coupled with...*

- Materials Expertise: Development & Processing
- High Throughput Screening (HTS): Composition Design Space
- Characterization: Composition, Microstructure & Performance
- System Performance: Characterization & Predictive Modeling
- Focused multi-disciplinary team

GE Metal Hydride Discovery Process

1 - Atomic number
H - Symbol
1s² - Valence-shell configuration



GE Lightweight Intermetallics Approach

- **Focus:**

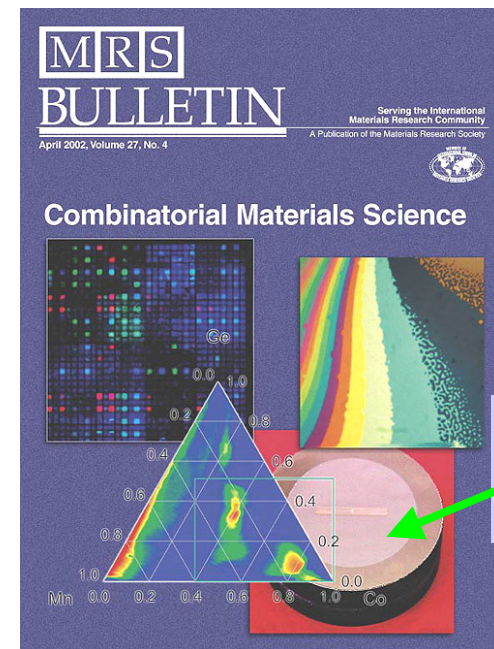
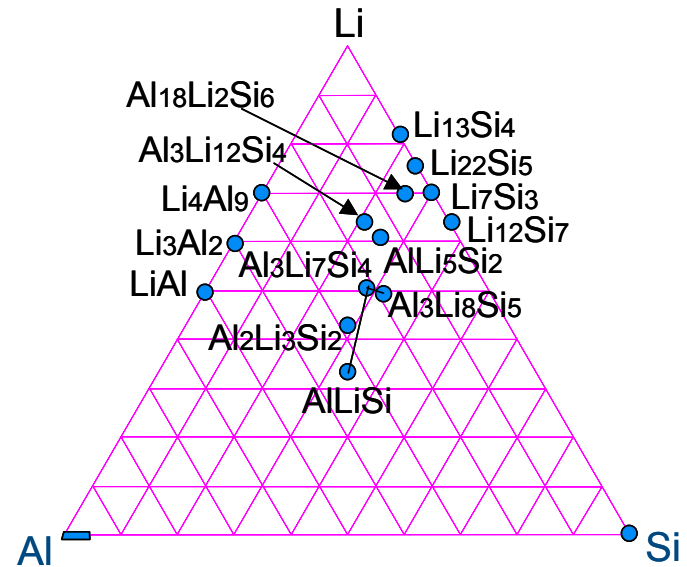
Lightweight aluminides & silicides of Li, Mg, and Na (potential to 6 wt.%)

- **Opportunity:**

Many intermetallic compounds exist in aluminide and silicide systems

- **Develop & Validate:**

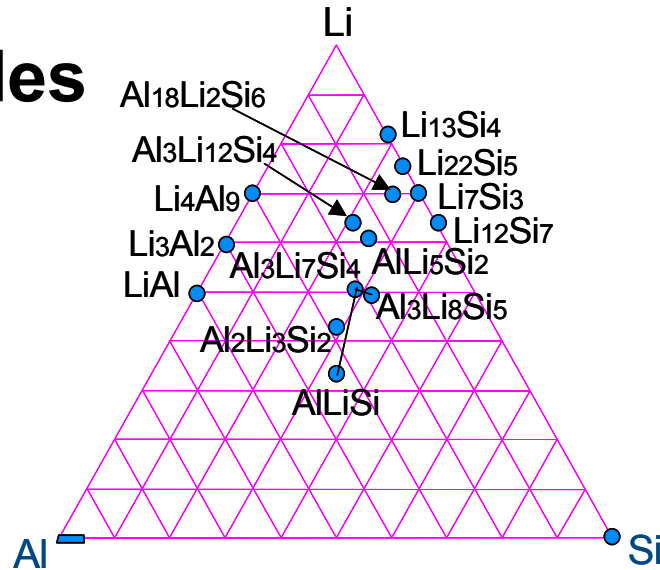
Combinatorial synthesis and high-throughput screening methodologies for hydride discovery in the target temperature – pressure – kinetics design space



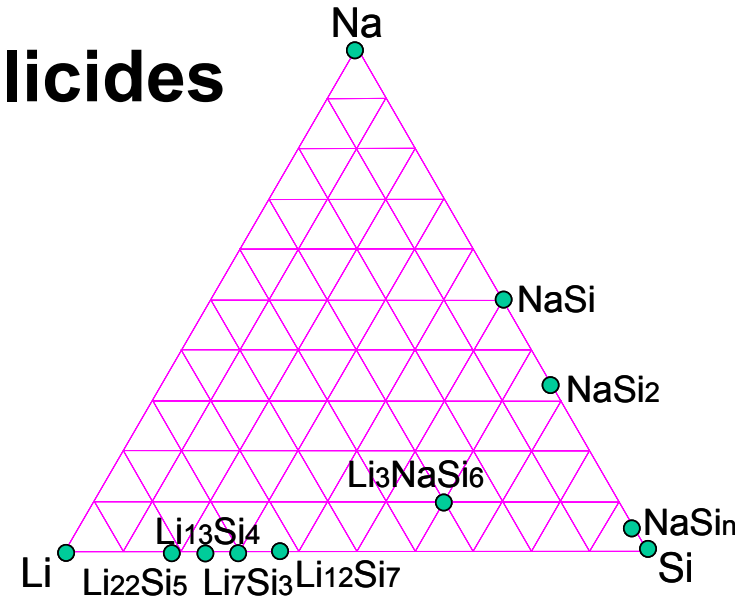
Diffusion multiple

Aluminides and Silicides

Aluminides

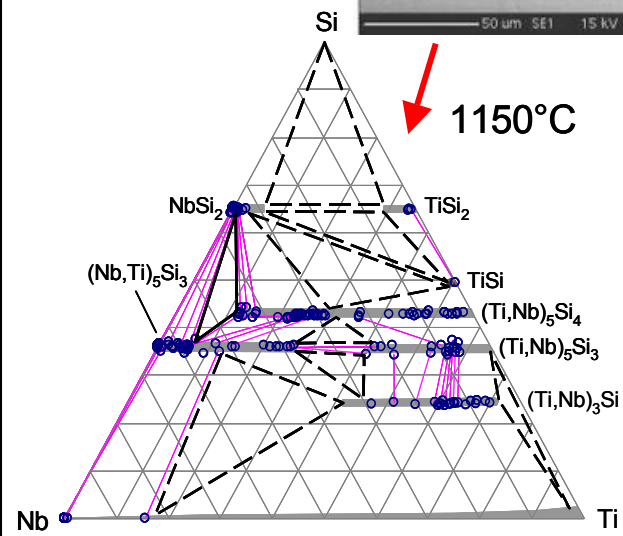
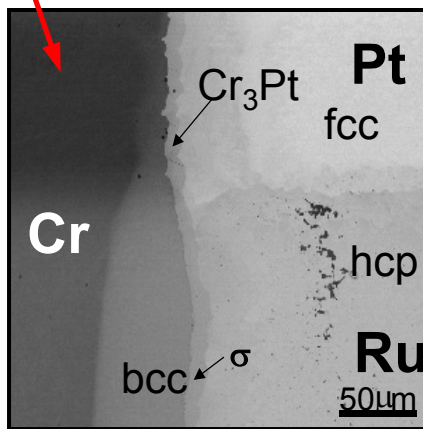
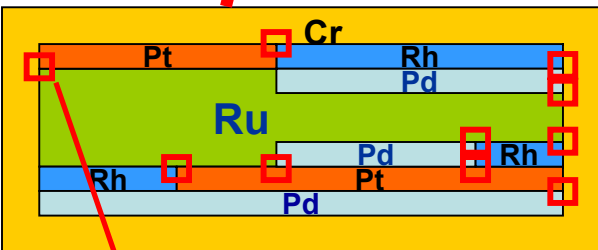
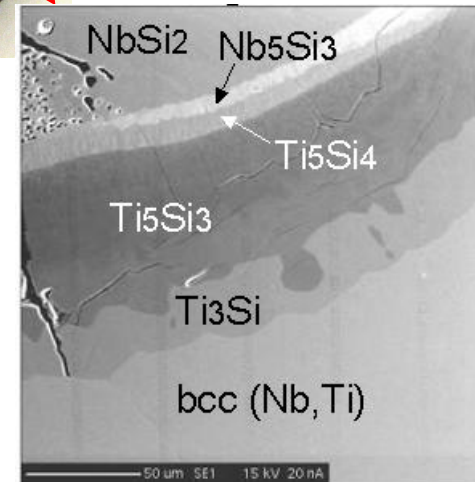
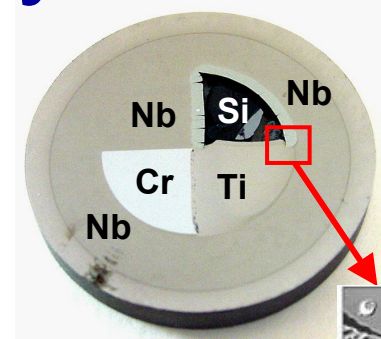
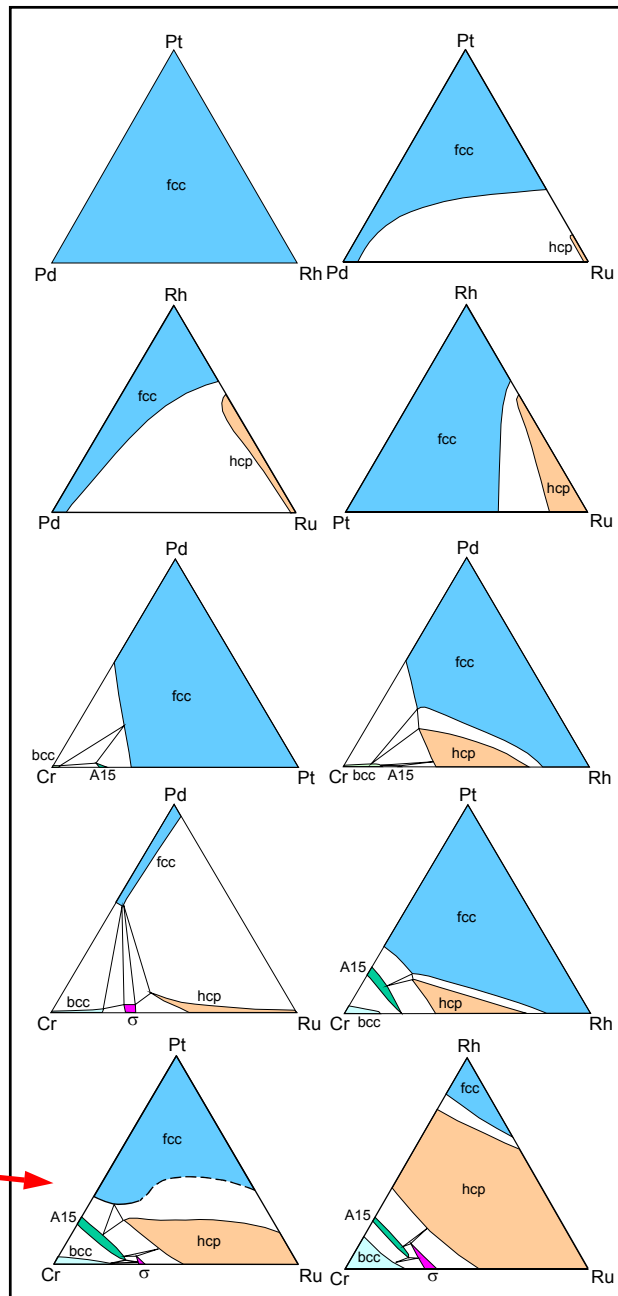
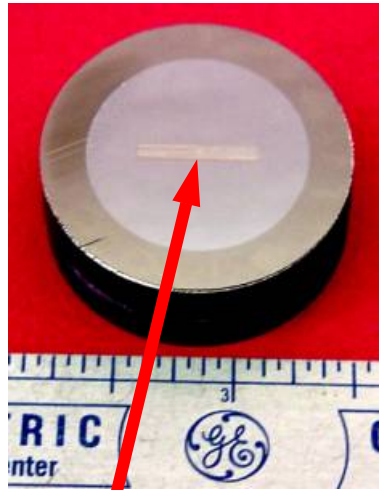


Silicides

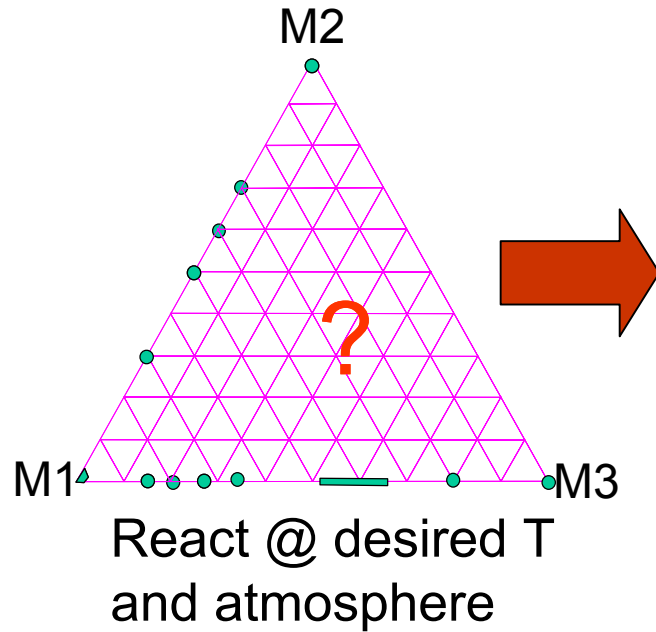
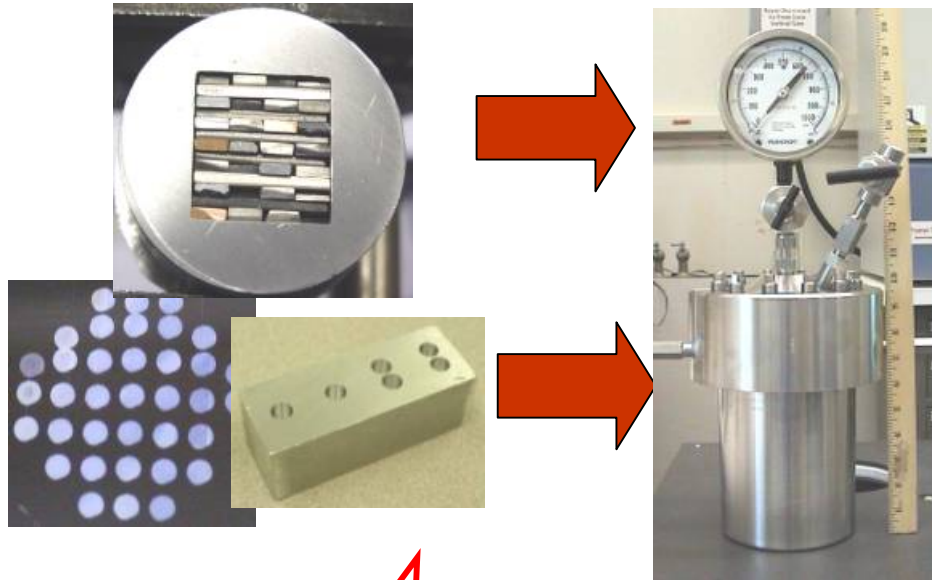


- **Space to be screened:** Al-Li, Al-Li-Si, Al-Li-Mg, Al-Ga, Al-Li-Cu, Al-Li-Mn, Al-Mg-Zn, Al-Mg-Cu, Al-Li-Ge, Al-Li-Si, ...
- **Space to be screened:** Li-Si, Li-Mg-Si, Mg-Si, Na-Si, Li-Na-Si, Na-Al-Si, Li-Na-Al-Si, Li-Na-Si, ...
- **Al and Si are lightweight, high availability & low cost**
- **Many compounds known to exist but not evaluated for H₂ storage**
- **Minimal risk of forming volatile hydrides (e.g., BH₃, NH₃)**

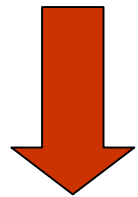
Diffusion Multiples & Alloy Development



Combinatorial Synthesis & HTS



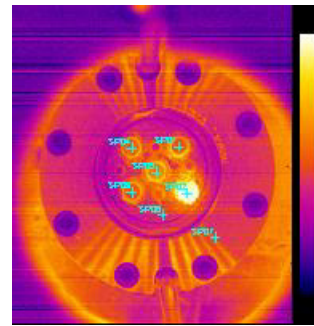
- Slice & polish
- 1st-level characterization



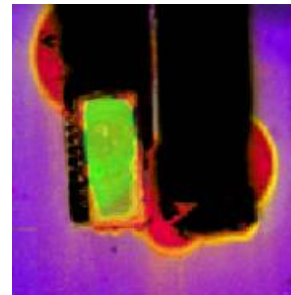
Charge with D₂

Identify, synthesize & test leads

Screening with thermography



Screening with time-of-flight secondary ion mass spectroscopy



Combinatorial Synthesis & HTS: Results

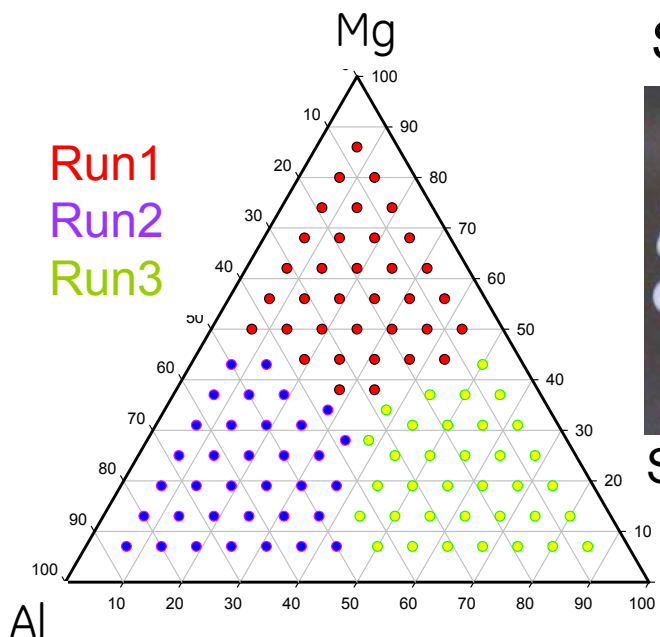
Thin-film methods

Synthesis

- Complementary to diffusion multiple
- Great for exploring Mg, Al, Si alloys
- Map phase diagram at 6% intervals, 3 runs, 5hrs.
- 7 target co-sputtering, DC and RF power

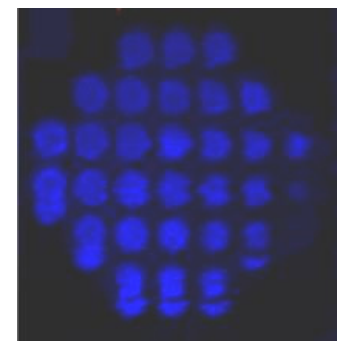
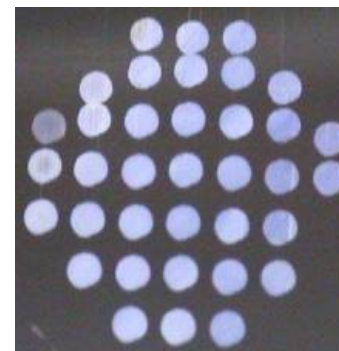
Screening

- Optical reactor capability, 350 °C, 55 atm.

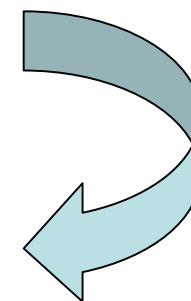
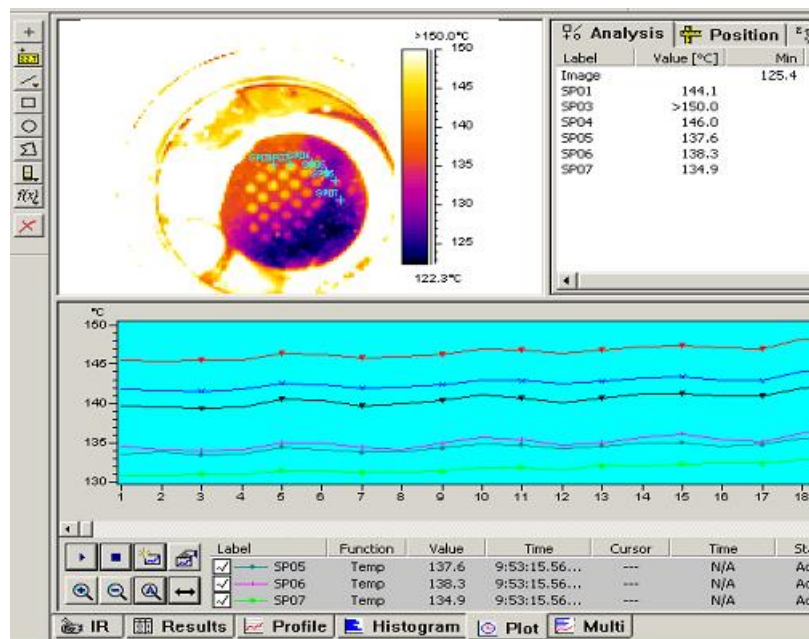


Start $Mg_3-Al_{0.03}$

End $Mg_{0.03}Al_3$

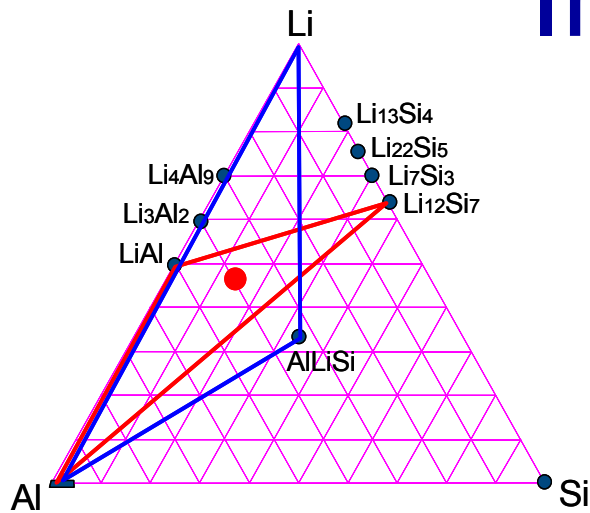


Sputtered Array Imaging A/B ratio



Screen for H_2 storage with thermography

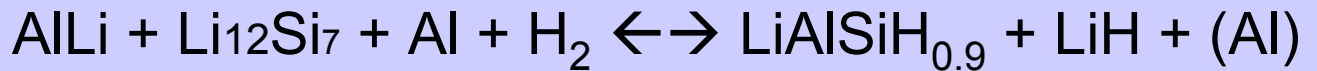
In-Situ XRD: Results



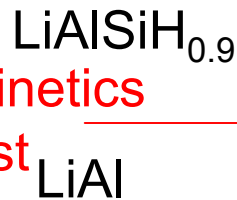
Literature:



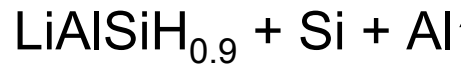
New result: 300-380°C, < 135 bar



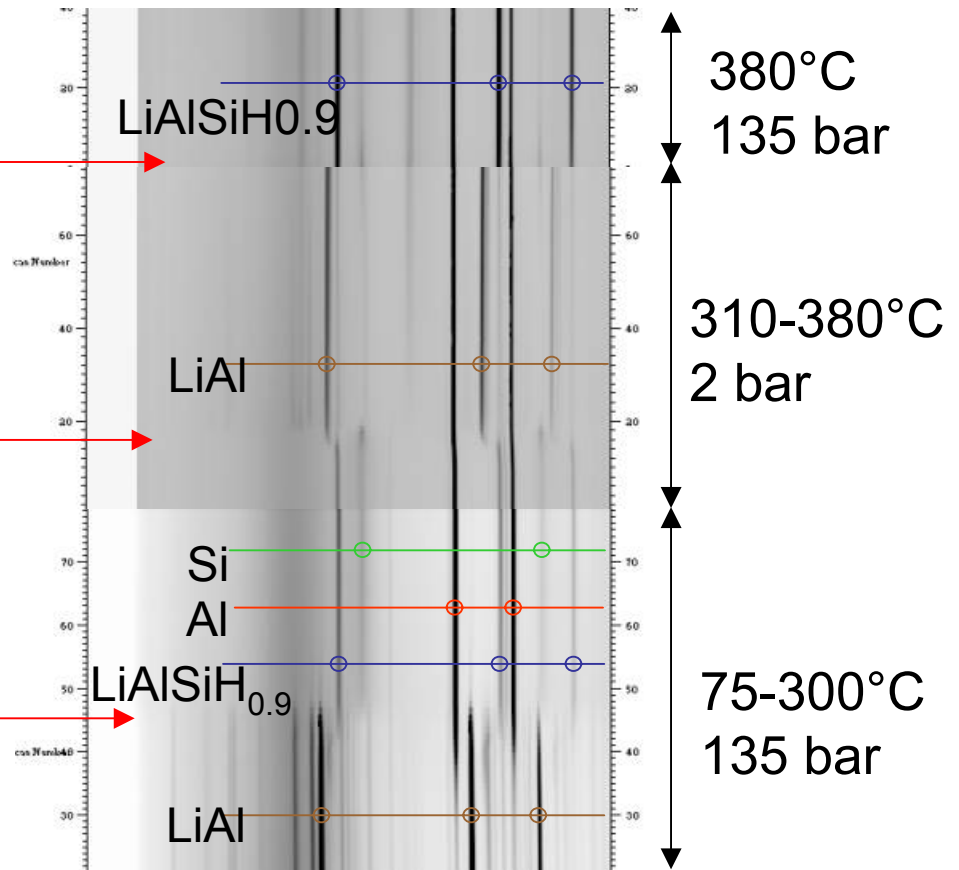
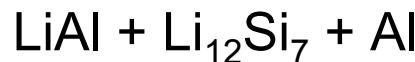
Charging kinetics
are very fast



Decomposition without
intermediates at 380 °C



Hydrogenation via
intermediates at 300 °C



First intermetallic hydride in non-transition metal alloys

GE Lightweight Intermetallics Progress

1. Designed new diffusion multiple configuration and tested for alkali metals
2. Demonstrated the screening capability of thermography and ToF-SIMS
3. Studied/screened several compounds in the Li-Al-Si ternary system
 - *This system has the first reversible intermetallic hydride in non-transition metal alloys*

Future Work

Remainder of FY '05:

- Team with modeling partners to identify promising concepts/systems
- Continue to make combi samples & screen the aluminides and silicides composition space
- Synthesize lab quantities of compounds identified from combi screening to validate the methodology

FY '06:

- Continue with the hydride discovery task (Task 1)
- Begin Task 2: materials synthesis
- Prepare Task 3: system-level materials evaluation models and setup

GE Lightweight Intermetallics for Hydrogen Storage: Plan

